# The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,648.

PRICE 3½d.] EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5. 1789.


## MR JARVAIS'S EXHIBITION
OF
TRANSPARENT ENAMELLED PAINTINGS
ON GLASS, &c.

THE Proprietors of this Exhibition respectfully acquaint the Nobility and Ladies and Gentlemen of EDINBURGH, that it is now open for public inspection at the EXHIBITION ROOMS, on the first flair, over Messf. Ruddiman, Booksellers, on the South Bridge, and will continue on view every day (Sundays excepted) from ten o'clock till *Three* in the evening.

These extraordinary Productions of human art extend to almost every effect incident to nature: That very capital piece representing the inside of a *Gothick Church*, with the effect of *Sun* after a shower, esteemed Mr Jervais's chief d'Oeuvre, is in the Collection. To Mr Jervais's works are added four Transparent Paintings by that eminent artist *Mr De Loutherbourg*, F. R. A.—To conclude with a display of the extraordinary Optical Properties of

*The Royal Accurate Delineator.*

In forming this Collection, the Proprietors have withheld no expence: they have been particularly careful to select such a variety of Mr Jervais's Cabinet Pieces, as should convey a perfect idea of his unrivalled abilities in this most delightful art. The Exhibition has been presented in the principal parts of England, and in London repeatedly; it has in consequence been subject to the inspection of the first judges of works of art, whose sanction it has invariably obtained. As an agreeable and rational morning recreation, therefore, the Proprietors are encouraged to introduce it to the favours and patronage of the Ladies and Gentlemen of this metropolis, in which an affection for the elegant arts so much abounds, and in order to afford them an opportunity to renew their visits, as well as to render the Exhibition accessible to the public at large, the terms of admission are fixed at——ONE SHILLING each person.

More ample particulars will be expressed in the explanatory Bills which will be duly circulated.

## DRUMMOND CASTLE.

*This Day is Published,*

BY J. SIBBALD, PARLIAMENT-SQUARE, J. MURRAY, London—DUNLOP & WILSON, Glasgow—ANGUS & SON, Aberdeen—and W. BOYD, Dumfries—price 1s. or 1s. 3d. by post,

## THE EDINBURGH MAGAZINE,
OR
LITERARY MISCELLANY,
*FOR NOVEMBER* 1789.

(With a View of DRUMMOND CASTLE, one of the Seats of Mr Drummond of Perth,

CONTAINING,

Register of the Weather for November—Extracts from the "Thoughts, Maxims, and Principles of M. d'Alembert"—Sketch of the Character and leading Maxims of Frederick the Great, drawn from sentiments in his writings—Probable Consequences of the Revolution in France—Original Letters, written by King Henry VIII. to Anne Boleyn—Queen Anne Boleyn's last Letter to King Henry—General Remarks on the Scenery and Landscape of Scotland—Account of Miss Dorothy Schlozer, a celebrated learned Lady, who has received the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy—On the Origin and Formation of Fungi—M. Metheric's Objection to the Antiphlogistic Doctrine, concluded—Original Anecdote of Peter the Great's Father—On Mental Pleasures and the Advantages of Retirement, by M. Zimmerman—Rules for predicting the Changes of the Weather by the Barometer—History of the French Government, from the Meeting of the Notables on the 22d February 1787 to the end of December in the same year. —Anecdotes respecting the Man with the Iron Mask—An Account of the principal Ancient Measures and Weights—Description of Colebrookdale, and of the Iron Bridge over the Severn—Account of the Zenana of an Asiatic Chief—The Miseries of going Abroad in Quest of a Fortune, a tale—Poetry, MONTHLY REGISTER.

## FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE,
OF THE 14th NOV. 1789.

*Information to the purchasers of* MR BELL'S SYSTEM of SURGERY, *in single volumes, that the sixth and last volume of the above work has now been published about eighteen months.*

NOTICE is hereby given, That the above Book will be sold in single volumes, as demanded, during the currency of 1789 and 1790, and no longer. Gentlemen are intreated to complete their copies, as after the above period this work will be made up, and only sold in complete sets.

The price of each volume is 6s. (except the last, 6s. 6d.) in boards; and the whole, with one hundred copperplates, in six volumes octavo—Price 1l. 16s. 6d. Also the book on Ulcers, &c.—Price 6s. in boards.

Printed for ELLIOT AND KAY, No. 332, Strand, London, and CHARLES ELLIOT, Edinburgh.

Where may be had, all the MEDICAL BOOKS published at Edinburgh, London, &c. and their complete CATALOGUE of BOOKS on MEDICINE given gratis.

## SALE OF STOCK IN THE ROYAL BANK.

To be exposed to Public Roup, within the Royal Exchange Cffeehouse, on Wednesday the 23d of December, at six o'clock afternoon,

ONE Thousand Six Hundred, Sixteen Pounds and Elevenpence sterling, Capital Stock in the Royal Bank.

The articles of sale are in the hands of Adam Rolland, writer to the signet,

## NEW COLLEGE, EDINBURGH.

THE TRUSTEES have ordered a part of the New Buildings for the UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH to be carried on, as fast as the season will permit.

The following Subscriptions for that purpose have been received, and a part of the money already paid.

| | L. | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Thomas Elder of Porneth, Lord Provost of Edinburgh, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Robert Chalmers, Esq; Accountant General of Excise, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| The Right Hon. Henry Dundas, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Robert Dundas, Esq; jun. of Melvil, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| The Royal College of Surgeons, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| The Hon. John Hope, | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| The Hon. Charles Hope, | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| The Hon. Alexander Hope, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| William Tytler, Esq; of Woodhouselee, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Thomas Tod, Merchant, and Treasurer to the Orphan Hospital, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Ditto, for his Brother, Mr John Tod, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Convener Orlando Hart, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Sir James Riddell of Ardnamurchan and Sunart, Bart. L. L. D. | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr William Galloway, Merchant, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr John Gloag, Merchant, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr John Hutton, Merchant, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr William Fettes, Merchant, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Robert Young, Merchant, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Alexander Abercrombie, Esq; Advocate, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| Sir William Forbes, Bart. | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Hugh Buchan, Chamberlain, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr James Gordon, Brewer, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Smith of the Customs, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Edgar, ditto, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Reid, ditto, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Cochran, ditto, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| R. E. Philips, Esq; Secretary, ditto, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Robert Sinclair, Esq; Clerk of Session, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| George Home, Esq; ditto, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| James Stirling, Esq; | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr George M'Queen, Collector of Landtax, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Hugh Bell, Brewer, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Adam Keir, Baker, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| James Brown, Esq; Architect, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| William Caddell, Esq; of Banton, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Robert Heron, Preacher, | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Mr John Heron, Student, | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| William Craig, Esq; Advocate, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| The Right Hon. Robert Dundas, Lord Advocate, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| John Hay, Esq; Banker, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| Samuel Anderson, Esq; Banker, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| Earl of Hopetoun, 100 guineas per annum for five years, | 525 | 0 | 0 |
| The Hon. Charles Hope Weir, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Sir John Clerk, Bart. | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| John Clerk, Esq; of Eldin, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| James Clerk, Esq; Prince's Street, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Robert Adam, Esq; Architect, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| James Adam, Esq; of London, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| William Adam, Esq; of London, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| John Home, Esq; of Killduff, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Dr James Hutton, | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr James Salisbury, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Earl of Wemyss, 190l. per annum for three years, | 300 | 0 | 0 |
| Patrick Inglis, Esq; | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| John Pringle, Esq; Advocate, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr John Horner, Merchant, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Alexander Chrichton, Coachmaker, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Alexander Chrichton, Surgeon in London, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| William Grant, Esq; | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| The Royal College of Physicians, | 150 | 0 | 0 |
| John Anderson, Esq; Writer to the Signet, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| The Corporation of Running Stationers, by Miles Macphail, their Preses, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Francis Anderson, Esq; Writer to the Signet, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| William Ker, Esq; Post Office, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Dr Andrew Wardrop of the Royal College of Surgeons, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Thomas Hay, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr John Bell, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Colin Lauder, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr James Law, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr John Bennet, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Dr Farquharson, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr George Wood, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Forrest Dewar, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Benjamin Bell, ditto, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Alexander Wood, ditto, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Dr Walker, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr William Inglis, ditto, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Dr Andrew Inglis, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr John Rae, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Dr Robertson, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Andrew Wood, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Dr Aitken, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Robert Kerr, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr James Russel, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr James Hamilton, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Thomas Wood, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr John Cheyne, ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr William Balderston, Writer to the Signet, Clerk to ditto, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| William Baillie, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| John White, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Lieutenant General Melvil, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Neil Ferguson, Esq; Advocate, | 30 | 0 | 0 |
| David Simpson, Esq; from India, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr James Dickson, Bookseller, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Ditto One Guinea per annum for five years, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Alexander Donaldson, Bookseller, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Thomas Hay for the Royal Order, | 9 | 9 | 0 |
| Mr William Dumbar for the Lodge Canongate Kilwinning, | 9 | 9 | 0 |
| Dr Alexander Monro, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Dr Joseph Black, as Professor, | 40 | 0 | 0 |
| Ditto, as a Physician, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Dr James Gregory, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| Dr Daniel Rutherfoord, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| Professor Andrew Dalzell, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Rev. Dr Hugh Blair, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Rev. Dr Andrew Hunter, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Rev. Dr William Robertson, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Robert Dick, Esq; Advocate, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Alexander Fraser Tytler, Esq; Advocate, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| David Hume, Esq; Advocate, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| Professor Adam Ferguson, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Professor John Hill, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Allan Macconnochie, Esq; Advocate, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| The Rev. Professor William Greenfield, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Professor John Playfair, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Professor John Bruce, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Dr Francis Home, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| Professor John Robison, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Ditto, to be applied to the Natural Philosophy Class, | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| Dr William Cullen, | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Dr Alexander Hamilton, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| The Rev. Dr Thomas Hardie, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| The Rev. Professor James Robertson, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| The Hon. Capt. William Mordaunt Maitland, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| The Rev. William Gregory, M. A. of Canterbury, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Alexander Christieson of the High School, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Andrew Bell, Engraver, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| The Rev. Dr Robert Henry, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Professor John Robison for William Porter, Esq; of London, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Doctor Adam, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Thomas Craig, Esq; of Riccartoun, | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| Lord Justice Clerk, | 42 | 0 | 0 |
| Lieutenant-Colonel Dundas of the First Regiment of Foot, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mrs Eliot, Dowager of Bonhill, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| John Clerk, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr John Hepburn, Accomptant, Excise, | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Cops of Crochallen Fencibles, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Elphinston Balfour, Bookseller, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Lord Napier, | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Robert Campbell, Esq; Receiver General of the Customs, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| John Thomas Stanley, Esq; | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Sir John Hunter-Blair, Bart. | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| William Dundas, Esq; Lincoln's-Inn, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Captain Philip Dundas, Melvill-Castle Indiaman, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| The Lord Provost, for the City of Edinburgh, 400l. per annum, for five years, | 2000 | 0 | 0 |
| Duke of Buccleugh, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Ditto, for Lord Dalkeith, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Ditto, for Mr Douglas of Douglas, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Charles Cuningham, junior, Student of Greek, | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| James Clerk, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| General Fletcher Campbell, | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Brown of the Excise, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Wharton, ditto, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Stoddart, ditto, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Graham, ditto, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Grieve, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Charles Robertson, Painter, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr William Jamieson, Mason, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| George Ferguson, Esq; Advocate, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Lord Balgonie, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| William Nairn, Lord Dunsinnan, | 31 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr John Young, Wright, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Alexander Reid, Mason, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr James Ranken, Wright, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Sir Archibald Campbell, K. B. | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr James Dempster, Goldsmith, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Dr Duncan, Physician, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Dr Cochran, Physician, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| The Lord President of the Court of Session, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| James Ramsay, Esq; for the Literary Society of Edinburgh, | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| Professor Robert Blair, | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr William Creech, Bookseller, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr William Buchan, Writer to the Signet, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Earl of Hyndford, | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| William Robertson, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| William Tait, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr John Balfour, sen. | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Peter Mathie, Goldsmith, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Mr James Ferrier, Writer to the Signet, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| The Hon. Andrew Forbes, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Robert Anderson, Esq; | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| John Thomson, and Adam Pearson, Esqrs. Secretaries of Excise, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr John Archibald, Wine Merchant in Leith, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Charles Watson, Esq; of Saughton, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Sir Archibald Hope, Bart. | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Henry Jamieson, Esq; Banker, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Alexander Wallace, Esq; Banker, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| William Ramsay, Esq; Banker | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| James Mansfield, Esq; Banker, | 31 | 10 | 0 |
| George Ramsay, Esq; Banker, | 31 | 10 | 0 |
| William Ramsay jun. Esq; Banker, | 31 | 10 | 0 |
| Andrew Bonar, Esq; Banker, | 31 | 10 | 0 |
| Alexander Bonar, Esq; Banker, | 31 | 10 | 0 |
| William Simpson, Esq; Banker, | 31 | 10 | 0 |
| Bertram, Gardner, and Company, Esqs; Bankers, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Peter Forrester, Merchant, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| John Bonar, Esq; Solicitor of Excise, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| James Newbigging, Esq; | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Isaac Salter, Brewer, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Earl of Kinnoul, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| The Hon. Henry Erskine, Dean of the Faculty of Advocates, | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr William Dempster, Goldsmith, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Rev. Dr David Johnston, Minister at Leith, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Alexander Keith, Esq; of Ravelston, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Duchess of Buccleugh, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Duke of Montague, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Charles Hope, Esq; Advocate, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| David Smyth, Esq; Advocate, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Charles Brown, Esq; Advocate, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Edward Maccormick, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Adam Rolland, Esq; Advocate, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Lewis A. Grant, Esq; Advocate, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Sir Alexander Ramsay, Bart. | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Charles Salter, Brewer, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| James Robertson, Esq; from India, | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Alexander Muir-Mackenzie, Esq; of Delvin, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Andrew Fife, College, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr James Chrichton, Builder, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| John Hay, Student of Greek, | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| The Faculty of Advocates, 100 Guineas per annum for five years, | 525 | 0 | 0 |
| Robert Blair, Esq; Solicitor General, | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| Will. M'Leod Barantyne, Esq; Advocate, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| John Hamilton, Esq; of Pencaitland, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Charles Hay, Esq; Advocate, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Matthew Ross, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Alexander Wight, Esq; Advocate, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| R. H. Cay, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| William Elliot, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Alexander Fergusson, Esq; Advocate, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| James Grant, Esq; Advocate, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Harry Guthrie, sen. Writer, | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Sir William Miller of Glenlee, Bart. | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| James Anderson, Esq; | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| David Anderson, Esq; | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Baron Stewart, | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Alexander Forbes, Candlemaker, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| The Rev. Mr John Kemp, Minister in Edin. | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Alexander Laing, Mason, | 15 | 15 | 0 |
| Mr John Ogell, writer, Edinburgh, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| The Rev. Dr Henry Grieve, Minister in Edin. | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Dr Nicholas Binden, Physician, | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| William Honyman, Esq; Advocate, | 26 | 5 | 0 |
| Archibald Campbell, Esq; Advocate, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Commissioner Hepburn of the Customs, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| James Reid, Student of Greek, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Messf. Arch. & John M'Kinlay, Merchants, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Deacon James Brown, Tailor, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Ditto for the Incorporation of Tailors, | 31 | 10 | 0 |
| Alexander Houston, Esq; Banker, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Lord Frederick Campbell, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr James Arrot of the Royal College of Surgeons, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Edward Innes, Confectioner, | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Mr Robert Scott, Druggist, | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Mr Samuel Watson for the Society of Solicitors before the Commissary Court and others, | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| Alexander Menzies, Esq; Clerk of Session, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| A. Swinton, Esq; of Kimmergham, six guineas per annum for five years, | 31 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr John Macfarquhar, Writer to the Signet, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Speculative Society of Edinburgh, | 210 | 0 | 0 |
| Dr Carlyle, for the Presbytery of Dalkeith, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Sir John Sinclair of Ulbster, Bart. | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Gilbert Innes of Stow, Esq; | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Mr Alexander Brown, Keeper of the Advocates Library, one guinea per annum for three years, | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Mr Luke Fraser of the High School, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr John Home, Coachmaker, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr John Home, junior, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr John Wilson, Coachmaker, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| John Gordon Haliburton, Esq; of Muirhouselaw, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Thomas Cleghorn, Coachmaker, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Robert Oliphant, Esq; of Rossie, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mrs Blackhall, Leith, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Deacon Dempster, for the Incorporation of Goldsmiths, | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| Professor Dugald Stewart, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Lieut. Colonel Dugald Campbell, George Street, | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Henry Bethune, Esq; of Kilconquhar, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Captain Martin Eccles Lindsay, of the 26th Regiment, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Rev. Dr John Erskine, Minister in Edinr. | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| Messf. Braidwood and Bruce, Wrights, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr John Paterson, Clerk to the Works for the University, | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Alexander Boswell, Esq; of Blackadder, | 105 | 0 | 0 |
| Messf. William and Patrick Cunningham, Goldsmiths, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Mr George Brunton, Merchant, | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Mr John Swanston, Grocer, | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Mr William M'Lean, Merchant, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr Duke-Gordon, Assistant Librarian to the College, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Mr Anthony Barclay, Writer to the Signet, | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Mr James Balfour, Writer to the Signet, | 5 | 5 | |
| William Thomas-Wilbart, Esq; of Foxhall, | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| William Tytler, Esq; Treasurer, in name of the Writers to his Majesty's Signet: 200 Guineas instantly paid, 200 Guineas to be paid in November 1790, and 200 more in November 1791, | 630 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | L. 10,621 | 12 | 0 |

*N. B.* The Directors of the Bank of Scotland, and of the Royal Bank of Scotland, have agreed to give *five per cent. interest* on all sums which may be paid to them on account of the University; and who will give receipts for the money they receive.

JOHN GRAY,
Clerk to the Trustees.

## SALE OF TALLOW AND FLAX.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Warehouse of Mr Frederick Gourlay, merchant in Dundee, on Friday the 11th day of December next, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon,

TWENTY-SIX CASKS of CANDLE TALLOW, and two hundred and eighty Bobbins of nine-head FLAX, imported from St Petersburgh. The flax is of excellent quality; being originally twelve-head, but as it was a little singed with lightening, was tracked for nine-head.

The goods will be shown by Mr Gourlay; to whom, or to Mr Samuel Gilmore, merchant, Grass-market, Edinburgh, persons inclining to purchase by private bargain before the day of sale may apply.

*For Madeira, Westmoreland, and St Elizabeth's,*
JAMAICA,

## THE GRANDVALE,
ROBERT BAINE MASTER.

She is now ready to take on board goods at Port-Glasgow, and will be clear to sail by the 10th of next month.

For freight or passage, apply to Captain Baine at Port-Glasgow, or to Robert Dunmore, merchant here.

Glasgow, *Nov.* 17. 1789.

## LONDON GAZETTE, Dec. 1.

VIENNA, *November* 18.

A Detachment of Marshal Laudohn's army has taken poſſeſſion of Czernitz, in Wallachia; and General Fabry has made himſelf maſter of Cladova, in Servia. The laſt letters from the army before Orſova mention, that the bombardment of that place was vigorouſly continued, but that the governor ſhewed no diſpoſition to ſurrender.

WAR-OFFICE, *December* 1. 1789.

17th Regiment of Foot, Archibald Butter, Gent. is appointed to be Enſign by purchaſe, vice William Auguſtus Blakeney, promoted.

31ſt Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant William Walker, from the half-pay of the late 71ſt regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice John Creighton, who exchanges.

32d Regiment of Foot, Enſign John Hicks to be Lieutenant, by purchaſe, vice Henry Karr, who retires. Thomas Andrew Lord Blayney to be Enſign, vice John Hicks.

60th (or Royal American) Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant John Barde, from the half-pay of the 66th Regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice John Young, who exchanges. Enſign Charles Frederick Piguet to be Lieutenant by purchaſe, vice Edward Pyott, who retires. William Thomas, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Charles Frederick Piguet.

## LLOYD'S LIST—Dec. 1.

THE Prince of Aſturias, M'Carty, from Cadiz, did not ſail till the 6th of November, owing to bad weather.

The Savannah, Inſolander, from Uddevalla to Breſt, is put into Ramſgate with damage.

The Iris, Heaviſide, from Peterſburgh to London, has been aground off Revel in the Gulph of Finland, and is there detained to repair.

The Madona del Roſario e St Giovanni Battiſta, (a Venetian) Captain Marco Comerzaruvich, from Salonica to Trieſte, was burnt in Corfu's Channel.

The Count de Jumilhac, Robin, from Newfoundland to a Market, was loſt off Cadiz the 13th October.

MAILS.

*Arrived*—Ireland, 4.—France, 1.—Flanders, 1.—Holland, 2.

*Due*—Ireland, 5.

BANKRUPTS.

Benjamin Jameſon of Penrith, in the county of Cumberland, linen-draper.—Chriſtoper Tomlinſon of London Road, St George's Fields, in the county of Surry, victualler.—Richard Hampſon the younger, late of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaſter, ſhoemaker.—Richard Tombs of the city of Briſtol, merchant-tailor.—Thomas Dabins of Glaſtonbury, in the county of Somerſet, dealer.—William Price of Llandilo-yr-vane, in the county of Brecon, dealer.—John Weſtwood of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, caſter of metals.—Benjamin Shaw of High-ſtreet, in the county of Surry, hoſier.—James Healey and Andrew Lindley of Sheffield, in the county of York, refiners and copartners.

## *REVOLUTION IN FRANCE.*

THURSDAY, *Nov.* 26.

There is little other news than what paſſes in the National Aſſembly. The proceedings here, with the trial of the Baron de Beſenval, engages all the public attention. The latter reſts his whole defence on the orders he received from his ſuperiors.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

The National Aſſembly continued their proceedings yeſterday on the articles of the Conſtitution, in regard to the future conduct of the municipal power, which are principally as follow:

"Thoſe citizens who on the firſt ſcrutiny ſhall have a majority, ſhall be elected. If on the firſt ſcrutiny a ſufficient number be not returned, a ſecond ſhall take place for the choice of Members of the municipal body.

"Mayors ſhall be elected only when they have a decided majority of votes; in caſe of an equality of votes, the elder of the two ſhall be prefered.

"Relations cannot be eligible as members of the ſame municipal body.

"The members for municipal bodies of cities, towns, &c. ſhall be limited to three, including the Mayor, where the inhabitants amount to 3000.

"To nine, where they exceed 10,000.

"To twelve, when amounting to 25,000.

"To fifteen, when 50,000.

"To eighteen, from 50 to 100,000. And

"To twenty-one, where they exceed that number, with an exception of the City of Paris alone, which, on account of its immenſe population, ſhall be governed by ſuch particular regulations which ſhall be conformable to the principles and organization of the other municipalities.

"There ſhall be in each municipality an attorney for the community, who ſhall have a deliberate voice, and be charged with the management of the affairs of the community.

"He ſhall be nominated by a plurality of voices.

"In cities containing 10,000 ſouls, a ſubſtitute ſhall be named, who may tranſact buſineſs in the abſence of the principal.

"The attorney of the community, and his deputy for the time being, ſhall take an oath to diſcharge their duties faithfully.

"The members of the Municipal Adminiſtration ſhall continue two years in office, half to be re-elected every year."

## *FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.*

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Nov.* 18.

"To a ſcarcity of proviſions we have now to join a ſcarcity of money, which begins to prevail in the Ottoman empire. Government, it ſeems, cannot conceal from the Public the enormous expence cauſed by the preſent war; as, in conſequence of a reſolution taken by the Porte, his Highneſs has ordered a new recoinage of piaſtres to take place, with a diminution of half their intrinſic value; ſo that that piece of money will, we are aſſured, contain ſcarcely two thirds in ſilver, and rather better than one third in copper, by which operation the Porte thinks to gain from fifteen to twenty millions. This inconvenience is the more to be feared, as it has been conſtantly found, that, as often as the piaſtres have been recoined, their value has diminiſhed below the ſtandard fixed by Government. The Turks underſtanding nothing of this branch of national œconomy, the inſpectors, and thoſe employed in the mint, are the only perſons who enrich themſelves. It is true, that the Court, by ſtrangling thoſe who have been guilty of mal-adminiſtration in that point, loſe nothing; but the nation and the trade ſuffer greatly. Thoſe who pretend to be well informed ſay, that the Porte has only made this ſpeculation to gain 25 per cent. on the whole ſum of the ſubſidy which ſhe is engaged to pay Sweden. This conjecture, if true, is no great proof of the confidence and ſtrict union which are ſaid to ſubſiſt between the two powers."

LISLE, *November* 26.

Since our laſt, nothing eſſential has tranſpired. The mails from Holland arrive now; but all the newſpapers are ſtopped in their way, and not ſuffered to come forward; and all private letters coming by the poſt are inſpected; and, if they are found to contain any thing reſpecting the preſent troubles, they will not let them paſs. We are thus deprived of the beſt ſource of intelligence for a while.

All that has tranſpired ſince laſt poſt is, that the Patriot army being apprized of the intended march of ſeven regiments to the relief of the Imperialiſts, have torn up the pavement between Bruſſels and Ghent, and rendered the roads almoſt impaſſable, by cutting down trees, &c. and placing them in chevaux de frieze, acrois, &c. to impede the progreſs of the Emperor's troops. General Vandermus has the command of the Patriots; and, having been ſlighted by the Emperor, he embraces the opportunity of retaliation with the moſt ſanguine ardour. He is an excellent and approved commander; and, it is every where expected, that a very bloody conteſt will enſue at Bruſſels.

Oſtend is now actually in poſſeſſion of the Patriots, and on Monday laſt they made themſelves maſters of Ypres; the number of troops in theſe two places being very ſmall, no reſiſtance was attempted.

The ſoldiers who were routed at Ghent, are driven about like wild beaſts by the Patriots, who will not ſuffer them to remain in any part of Brabant.

On Tueſday laſt, advice was received at the Hotel de Ville here, that ſome foreign troops were on their march, and orders were given not to admit them into Liſle. At two o'clock they preſented themſelves, to the amount of above four hundred, at the Porte des Malades; and upon being refuſed entrance they proceeded towards Douay. They proved to be a part of the regiment de Pierſey, and were quite unarmed. Several Frenchmen amongſt them, who had deſerted into the Emperor's ſervice, availed themſelves of a late proclamation to pardon deſertion under certain circumſtances, and ſurrendered at the Corps de Garde, where they were immediately enliſted into the regiments in garriſon. At midnight, the guard at the Porte de la Barre was accoſted by another troop of theſe wretched wanderers, to the number of one hundred and fifty, with ſix waggons, in which were a number of women and children.—They entreated permiſſion to enter, declaring themſelves to be in great diſtreſs for want of proviſions. The Bourgeois militia, then upon duty, being touched with their ſituation, with great humanity repaired immediately to the Commandant's houſe, to requeſt leave for theſe ſtrangers to paſs through the city; permiſſion was granted, and the gates being opened to admit them, they were conducted by a detachment of ſoldiers to the Porte des Malades, where, by order of the Commandant, they were all refreſhed with proviſions, and proceeded on their march to a place at the extremity of the Emperor's dominions, eighty-nine leagues from hence, where they are to take refuge.

The Abbe at the Church of St Maurice in this city, having made very free with the *Etats Generaux*, in his ſermon on Sunday laſt, was immediately taken into cuſtody, and is ſhortly to be brought to trial.

## REVOLUTION IN AUSTRIAN FLANDERS.

BRUSSELS, *Nov.* 29.

On Wedneſday a battalion of Imperial troops marched from Louvain to Dieſt (about fifteen miles aſunder,) to rout a body of Patriots that were aſſembled there.

On the approach of the regulars, the Patriots marched out to meet them, and having ſaluted the town, drew up in battle-array, and gave ſuch a warm reception to the Imperialiſts, as to oblige them to a precipitate retreat, with the loſs of many killed and wounded. General Vandermerchen was at the head of the Patriotic army, which was well appointed with artillery, and every other eſſential.

So great was the fame of this overthrow, and ſo much was it exaggerated, that although every thing was quiet at Mons, the capital of Hainault, and a ſtrong garriſon there under the command of a general officer, yet ſo univerſal a panic ſeized the whole, that they left the place and fled to Bruſſels: Being ſeverely reprimanded by General Dalton, they were ordered to return. In their abſence, the ſuperb chateau of Count Darhberg was levelled to the ground by the populace; and the Count, now apprehenſive of his houſe here meeting a ſimilar treatment, has advertiſed it to ſale, either with or without the furniture, which is truly ſplendid. Report ſays, he has demanded his diſmiſſion from the ſervice. The whole of his eſtates lie in this country, which, ſhould the Patriots be ſucceſsful, will moſt probably be confiſcated.

Bruges was, from the feebleneſs of its garriſon, an eaſy conqueſt.—The Auſtrian troops, who amounted only to three hundred men, laid down their arms without a ſhot.

The importunities of the merchants of Oſtend, inſpired by the ſolicitudes of commercial probity, to preſerve from the hazard of a pillage the foreign property in their warehouſes, obtained from their Governor the peaceable departure of the garriſon.

The Imperial Arms were every where ſupplanted by thoſe of the Province. The States of Flanders reſolve to arm and embody a corps of 15,000 men, for the ſupport of the cauſe of Belgic liberty.

The capture of Ghent has thrown a great damp on the Imperialiſts, and has conſiderably weakened the Emperor's cauſe. Perhaps there is no inſtance in modern hiſtory of ſo dreadful a carnage as took place in the attack of this city. The returns of killed and wounded prove far greater than were at firſt known, and moderate people reckon them at 3000 men; other accounts ſay 12,000. One hundred and twenty capital houſes were burnt to the ground, or otherwiſe deſtroyed. Since the town has been in the poſſeſſion of the Patriots, they have promiſed to indemnify the inhabitants for all their loſſes. How far their finances will hold good to fulfil this promiſe, is another matter; but at preſent they have abundance of money, and pay for every thing punctually.—They have offered rewards of thirty guildres for every priſoner taken, and three for every gun taken from the enemy. As ſoon as things were a little ſettled, the inhabitants all took an oath of allegiance to their new maſters.

The condition on which the garriſon of the citadel of Ghent were admitted to capitulation, was their parole of honour not to ſerve under the Emperor in the Low Countries.

In addition to the former accounts of the killed at Ghent, the following perſons are to be mentioned:—Colonel Lunden, Commandant at Louvain, Major Montigny, &c. &c. Darhberg was made priſoner of war.

The Deputies of the States of Flanders are aſſembled at Ghent, and have declared themſelves independent. They have further taken into conſideration the mode of collecting duties, the ſafety of tranſits, &c. The victory at that place has had the moſt happy conſequences for the patriotic cauſe; and the bravery diſplayed on that occaſion, has been a principal inſtrument of its moſe recent ſucceſs. It has been as ſudden as complete; for the ſurrender of Bruges, Courtrai, Oſtend, Nieuport, Tournay, Ypres, Mons, and Namur, has followed:—a rapidity of conqueſt almoſt without a parallel. The latter place was not taken without great ſlaughter on both ſides.

Schroeder, though degraded from his military rank, ſerved as a volunteer. He expiated to the patriots his cruelty, and redeemed to the Emperor his temerity at Turnhout, by a mortal wound. He expired yeſterday, at his houſe in the Rue Ducale.

The Baroneſs Darhberg has conſoled herſelf for the captivity of her huſband, by a flight to Luxembourgh, with Traetſmandorf.

Aloſt and Courtraic ſent detachments to the aſſiſtance of the Gantois, in their conflict with the Imperialiſts. More than a thouſand houſes are conſumed at Ghent, by the cannonade from the Citadel. Dujardin, execrable and infamous for the wanton maſſacre of ſixty peaceable Burgeois at Antwerp the preceding year, was the only perſon put to death in cool blood. Accuſed, like Bezenval and Lambeſc in France, of having degraded the character of a ſoldier into that of a minion and an aſſaſſin, he was condemned by the Conſeil de Flandre, and hanged at the common place of execution.

The Patriots, unappalled by the rapid approaches of winter, are preparing for the moſt vigorous meaſures. They have garriſoned Ghent, Bruges, Courtrai, and Oſtend. One part of their army, under M. Maillebois, is detached towards Mons; and the province of Hainault will be an eaſy prey. Another portion, under the young Prince de Ligne, is now ſtationed at Aloſt. Eleven thouſand men, commanded by General Vandermerch, have advanced even to the Bois de Sogue, a foreſt within ſeven miles of Bruſſels. A party of their light cavalry was yeſterday ſeen at Etterberk, a village within half a league of the Porte de Namur. A very ſtrong detachment, headed by the Count de la Marck, paſſed by the frontiers of Liege on the 21ſt, to the attack of Namur and Louvain. The inveſtment of Bruſſels, the grand object of the Patriotic ſyſtem, is formed by the re-union of all theſe ſeparate bodies, when they ſhall have atchieved their ſubordinate conqueſts. The bluſtering and gaſconading of the Government has not here ceaſed.

The aſpect of Bruſſels is awful and melancholy. Chevaux de Friſe terminate every ſtreet, and every thing ſeems to indicate, that Dalton, though the gates ſhould be forced, or a breach made in the walls, is reſolute to conteſt every inch of ground, even in the city, with the victorious Patriots.

The contraſt of this Reſolution, with the paternal goodneſs announced in the Imperial Edict, illuſtrates admirably the Character of Joſeph II.

At Louvain, on the 18th, a report that the Patriotic army was at hand, covered the ſtreets with an exulting multitude. The demonſtrations of their joy were fearleſs and licentious. The new profeſſors, obnoxious as the inſtruments of a deſpotiſm, the more galling, becauſe it extended its ſway to the opinion of men, betook themſelves to flight—Mirant and des Mazieres to Bruſſels; Wounters and Dillen, an Iriſhman, unlike his countrymen O'Hearne, and the eloquent and accompliſhed O'Reilly, in the College Thereſienne, towards Namur. In the afternoon, a proclamation was publiſhed, by ſound of trumpet, forbidding more than one perſon being in the ſtreets after ten o'clock at night, under penalty, if two were together, of being impriſoned—if three or more, of being put to the bayonet on the ſpot. *Tyran Affreux! Barreau Corronné.*

CORSICA.

Another independent State is juſt ariſen.

The Corſicans, after having overpowered the ſmall French garriſon in Baſtia and Carte, declared themſelves independent on the 11th of laſt month.

It is reported that General Paoli is among them.

COPENHAGEN, *Nov.* 17.

The ſentence on Benzelſtierna, and O'Brien, was paſſed this day, as follows:—

They are to be degraded, loſe their lives, and their goods and chattels.

To have their right hands cut off; afterwards to be beheaded, quartered, and their quarters fixed upon poles.

Shields, the Engliſh inkeeper, is to be impriſoned for life—but it is ſuppoſed the Supreme Court will mitigate ſome part.

## LONDON.

DECEMBER 2.

This morning the King, Queen, and two eldeſt Princeſſes, came from Windſor Lodge to Buckingham Houſe.

His Majeſty went forward in his poſt-chaiſe and four, to St James's Palace, where there was a Levee for the Foreign Miniſters, Nobility, &c.

This evening the Royal Family again honour Covent-Garden Theatre with their preſence.

The Prince of Wales remains in town, and is expected to be at Court to-morrow.

Drury-Lane was very ſplendidly attended laſt night, to ſee the repreſentation of The Haunted Tower. Amongſt other diſtinguiſhed perſonages, we noticed the Prince of Wales, Duke of York, Duke and Ducheſs of Cumberland, Dukes of Norfolk and Bedford, and Lord Mountmorres.

On Saturday laſt, the King's Hunt experienced a diſappointment. The hounds were ordered to Burnham, where a game ſtag was ready for enlargement; but, from the badneſs of the day, or ſome other cauſe, his Majeſty did not appear in the field; ſo that, after waiting for him till paſt twelve o'clock, the hounds were drawn off to their kennel.

His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales is recovered from his late hurt.

On Sunday night his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales ſlept at Hertford Bridge, and yeſterday morning his Highneſs took the diverſion of ſtag-hunting; the ſtag was ſtarted at Popham-lane, on the Saliſbury-road.

The Prince of Wales's ſtables, now completed at Carleton-houſe, are ſix in number, and have accommodation for ſixty-eight horſes. Oppoſite are ſix coach-houſes, each large enough for three carriages, with harneſs-room, &c. adjoining; they are kept aired by flues; over which is a very elegant riding-houſe, 150 feet long, by 50 wide, not yet finiſhed.

Although the doctrine of Mr Pitt was, that the Prince of Wales had no more right to be at the head of a Regency, than any other perſon,—yet that great lawyer, Bacon, in ſpeaking of thoſe who, in a caſe of emergency, were to be reſorted to, has this doctrine: "Of Counſellors, there are two ſorts;—the "firſt *Conſiliarii nati*, as I may term them;—ſuch "are the Prince of Wales, and others of the King's "ſons."

The Duke of Clarence's diſorder is a bilious fever; his Royal Highneſs is prudent enough to ſubmit to a cloſe confinement.

His Royal Highneſs the Duke of York, on its being repreſented to him that he had infringed on a part of the hunt in the poſſeſſion of Lord Stawell, has very politely ordered his hounds to be removed from Guildford to Leatherhead, where they will now throw off.

His Royal Highneſs Prince Erneſt Auguſtus, their Majeſties fifth ſon, paſſed through Franckfort on the 7th of laſt month, under the name of COUNT DIESTHORY.

Monday, at noon, a Cabinet Council was held at Mr Grenville's houſe in St James's Square; at which the Lord Chancellor and others of the Cabinet Members were preſent. They ſat till after three o'clock, when minutes of their deliberations were ſent off by a ſpecial meſſenger to his Majeſty at Windſor.

Same morning, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of York ſet off from his houſe at Whitehall, to Oatlands.

The rumour of Mr Fitherbert's arrival from Holland on Saturday was fictitious. On the contrary, it is now determined, he does not quit the Hague till the arrival of Lord Auckland. He will then come to England for the purpoſe of preparing for his own embaſſy to Spain.

Government have come to a determination not to permit the entering of any Britiſh ſubject, at the preſent juncture, into foreign ſervice.

It may not be a needleſs caution to obſerve, that any ſubject accepting a commiſſion in a foreign ſervice, without taking the oaths of allegiance to his Majeſty, is guilty of a capital felony.

Before adminiſtration can poſſibly expect any good effects to ariſe from taking off the prohibition againſt importing American wheat, they muſt repeal Lord Hawkeſbury's famous carrying bill. For ſuppoſing the Americans had a much greater ſurplus of corn then is really the caſe at preſent; How can it be ſuppoſed it would find its way to England while they are excluded from bringing it in their own veſſels? or, How can we ſuppoſe they would keep their ſhips laid up merely to give the preference to this country.

Some commercial regulations of the firſt importance to the traffic of Great Britain and its dependencies, are now under conſideration of the Privy Council; from whence they will be laid before his Majeſty; and will finally be introduced to the Supreme Legiſlature, for the concurrence of both Houſes.

A negociation is reported to be again ſet on foot, for the purpoſe of accommodating the diſpute between the Turks and the Imperialiſts. The mediators mentioned are the Courts of London, Madrid, and Berlin.

Mr Bolton has delivered in a propoſal to the Treaſury to prevent the felonious counterfeiting of the current halfpence. He has already got a die very elegantly executed. He propoſes, that in future every halfpenny ſhould be ſtamped of a ſize the full value of the copper, which, in that caſe, would not hold out any proſpect of emolument in a counterfeit coinage.

At the enſuing Engliſh Lottery, an attempt is to be made to check the enormous growth of inſurances. For this purpoſe the tickets are to be drawn irregularly—not, as has been uſual, a certain number each day. The Commiſſioners may meet and draw no tickets from the wheel, or they may draw a few only, or perhaps a number infinitely greater than has been cuſtomary in one day.

Notwithſtanding all theſe precautions, calculations can ſtill be made by the inſurance offices; ſo that the remedy will operate in a partial way only.

Monday, being St Andrew's Day, the Royal Society held their anniverſary meeting at their apartments in Somerſet-Place in the Strand, when the Preſident, Sir Joſeph Banks, Bart. in the name of the Society, preſented the gold medal (called Sir Godfrey Copley's) to Mr William Morgan, for his two papers on the Values of Reverſions and Survivorſhips.

The Preſident, on this occaſion, delivered the accuſtomary diſcourſe on the ſubjects contained in Mr Morgan's papers.

Afterwards the Society proceeded to the choice of the Council and Officers for the enſuing year, when, on examining the ballots, it appeared, that the following gentlemen were elected of the Council:

Of the Old Council—Sir Joſeph Banks, Bart. Charles Blagden, M. D. Henry Cavendiſh, Eſq; Charles Combe, M. D. George Fordyce, M. D. Francis Duke of Leeds, the Rev. Nevil Maſkelyne, D.D. Conſtantine John Lord Mulgrave, Sir William Muſgrave, Bart. Joſeph Planta, Eſq; Samuel Wegg, Eſq;

Of the New Council—John Campbell, Eſq; Edward Whitaker Gray, M. D. William Marſden, Eſq; the Rev. John Michell, B. D. John Paradiſe, Eſq; Sir Lucas Pepys, Bart. James Rennell, Eſq; Sir Joſhua Reynolds, Knt. Francis Ruſſel, Eſq; Joſeph Wyndham, Eſq;

And the Officers were, Sir Joſeph Banks, Bart. Preſident; Samuel Wegg, Eſq; Treaſurer; Joſeph Planta, Eſq; and Charles Blagden, M. D. Secretaries.

Afterwards the Members of the Society dined together as uſual at the Crown and Anchor Tavern in the Strand.

Lord Briſtol has let his houſe in St James's Square for three years to the Duke of Gordon.

Colonel Fullerton, on the ceſſation of hoſtilities, returns from Conſtantinople.

A commiſſion of lunacy having been taken out againſt George Coleman, Eſq; a jury ſat on Monday, in order to determine on the merits.

Miſs Hannah Moore, is now talked of as publiſher of Garrick's poſthumous works. Mrs Garrick, it is ſaid, has furniſhed this lady with copies of all his moſt intereſting correſpondence with men of genius, ſcience, &c.

A gentleman juſt arrived from Oſtend, relates, that the tumults in Auſtrian Flanders have now exiſted two years, but have been artfully concealed from the public for political motives; the conſequence of which has been, that they have now broken out with great violence.

Their complaint againſt the Emperor, he underſtands, is on account of his having taken the riches from their churches to carry on the war againſt the Turks. This they deem a great infringement of their religious rites, and take the advantage of the war to redreſs them, as nearly the whole of the Emperor's army is, at this time, engaged againſt the Turks, and he has very unadviſedly left his own dominions in a defenceleſs ſtate. The Emperor, it is thought, is in his heart a Proteſtant; and is endeavouring, by degrees, to do away the preſent ſuperſtitious mode of worſhip; ſo that it may be termed a religious war.

One half of the once reſpectable, rich, and ancient city of Ghent, which is fifteen miles in circumference, is now in aſhes. It is only twenty-ſeven miles from Oſtend. The patriots entered it by ſtratagem, and a general maſſacre took place. The Emperor ſent an army of nine thouſand men to retake it; but, after a ſmart conteſt for two days, they were obliged to fly. The common ſhore, or water-courſe, was deeply ſtained with the blood of the ſlain, and there were few left to inform of the tidings.

The Emperor has again iſſued a proclamation, in which he goes ſo far as to ſay, that he never did revoke the *Joyeuſe Entree*. He confirms it and the Sovereign Council of Brabant, and pathetically prays his ſubjects to remain faithful and loyal to him. But

it is too late; for these proclamations are no more minded now than the bills of empirics, stuck up against walls, are regarded; such confidence do the people repose in Joseph's professions of good intentions and sincerity!

It was said at Ostend, when the last letters came away, that they had surprized Luxemburgh by stratagem; if so, the work of the Revolution may be affirmed to be completed, for Namur will fall of course, and then neither Brussels nor any other place will be able to hold out against the Fatherlanders, the Belgic name for Patriots.

The people of Liege have actually erected the standard against their sovereign, have seized the artillery and small arms in the arsenal, unpaved their streets, and declared it to be their firm resolution to set fire to the four corners of their city, rather than submit to their Prince, or suffer themselves to be reduced to slavery by the Prussians.

The Electoral troops of Cologne are also on their march, to execute the order of the Chamber of Wetzlaer.

The Patriots have not yet bent their way towards Brussels.

The Patriots of Brussels, in establishing a corps of riflemen, consisting of 1000 determined troops, strike effectually at the annihilation of Joseph's greatness:—riflemen are of some standing on the continent, and, like those of America, their system has ever been to pick and extirpate!

The Prussian troops had begun their march from Cleves, towards Liege, on Sunday the 22d of November.

Farther advices from Flanders state, that the Patriots were met at Courtray by the Magistrate and chief inhabitants, with the greatest pomp and joy, and conducted into the town in procession. In the above town of Courtray, they have 600 men ready to sacrifice their lives in the cause of their country.

The same Patriots have received the heartiest thanks of the Ghenters, their allies, to whom they ascribe the taking of St Peter's barracks.

They write from Ghent, dated the 21st of November, that certain news is received of the town of Tournay having joined the Committee of the Netherlands, and that every person has taken the oath of fidelity to their country; after which, the arms of their late Sovereign were taken down, and those of the State put up in their stead.

The King of Prussia sees, and the Emperor feels the consequences of the revolt of his Brabantine subjects. Should the former take occasion by the wing, the latter would find himself infinitely distressed for the assistance of those who are now in arms against him.

The movements of the Prussian troops have constantly kept the Court of Austria glancing on them with a suspicious eye, and considering them only as doubtful neighbours. If a rupture should now take place, men and money will be a-wanting; both of which are, at this time, scarce commodities with the Emperor.—Brabant was looked upon as a resource for either; and that being gone, it would require the utmost exertions even to act on the defensive; nor could that easily be done, without immediately recalling some of their troops who are acting against the Turks, and so being obliged to rescind all those advantages which they have been able to obtain this campaign.

By letters from Vienna, by the Dutch mail arrived on Monday, and dated November 14. we have advice, that the siege of Orsova commenced the 3d, and the Turkish Governor and garrison had made a positive resolution to defend the place to the last. It is confirmed, that a large body of Turks are assembled in Bosnia, and threaten Croatia with invasion. These troops are supposed to be the army of the Pacha of Scutari, whom the Porte has invited to act in conjunction with them. In consequence of these preparations, the Field Marshal Laudohn has dispatched the Prince de Saxe Cobourg to penetrate with all his force into Wallachia.

The last advices from Vienna say, that the Emperor, informed of the extremities to which the spirit of liberty is likely to carry the people of the Low Countries, has sent instructions to the Governor of Brussels, to place every thing on its ancient footing, to restore to the Brabanters their constitution which had been abolished, to re-establish the State Assemblies, &c.

Our letters from Constantinople advise, that the Porte has rejected, with marks of the most sovereign contempt, the terms of peace proposed by the Imperial Crowns. The Emperor's troubles in Brabant are not unknown at the Ottoman Court; and upon these they naturally found the hopes of better prospects another campaign.

Brussels is sufficiently fortified against musquetry; but it might, by a spirited cannonade, be reduced in a very few hours. For some months past, it has been the direction given by the Government to the military power, wherever FIVE persons were assembled, no matter how trivial their business was, to take them into custody. Their churches were always crowded with the military, who took great care that the congregation should not have it in their power to turn their thoughts from devotion, to talk on political subjects.

The notice of new commotions in Paris, mentioned in our paper of the 25th, appears to be founded on a plot of the Clergy, disconcerted partly by accident, and partly by the activity of the Committee of Research.

We have by Monday's post received a letter from Paris, dated the 27th, in which is the following passage:

"The publication of Monsr. Mounier's apology, the triumph of Saturday, the air of satisfaction that appears among all the aristocratics, the incredible shoal of libels, which all of a sudden overwhelmed us, the torrent of injurious reports that are clandestinely spread about against the defenders of our liberty, and many other circumstances, warn us to be on our guard. That some plot was hatching, and near bursting from its shell, is certain from the following circumstance:

"A letter from an Abbe of Lorraine, dated the 16th, and directed to his agent at Paris, was stopped at the Post-office, and has the following passage:—'Keep on your guard, particularly on the 25th; things are in a good train; we have more friends than you imagine; on the 25th—I repeat; and be assured, I will not recompense you by halves;—your fortune is made;—send me your address in a particular manner, the street, the number, the storey in which you lodge; in short, your address so particularly, that I may find you immediately without asking any questions." This letter came under cover, directed to another Abbe, who, by a very strange want of presence of mind, said to the postman, that the letter was not to him, but to another of the same name. An air of confusion in the Abbe led to suspicion. The letter was opened at the office, and immediately taken to the Committee of Research, established by the Commons, at the Hotel de Ville."

By the French mail of Monday we learn, that the Canonesses of Manbeuge, having formerly given all their plate to Louis XV. have presented to the nation a rent charge on the King's domains, of 147,000 livres, granted to their chapter in 1687; requesting that their gift may be accepted with as much indulgence as it is offered with pleasure.

The representatives of the community of Paris, in imitation of the National Assembly, have sacrificed their silver buckles. The fraternity of pick-pockets, with their usual ingenuity and alertness, have availed themselves of this general surrender of buckles, to stop people in the streets, and oblige them by threats or force to give the buckles out of their shoes, on pretext of collecting them for the good of the public.—An order was issued from the Hotel de Ville on Thursday last, to apprehend all persons guilty of such practices, and carry them instantly before the Commissaries of the Chatelet.

The first part of the pension list, containing twenty-four quarto pages, is published. The plan of the work is, to divide the whole into seven parts; the first to contain, in alphabetical order, the names of all those who enjoy pensions of 10,000 livres and upwards, with the age of the pensioner, the date of the pension, and the reasons for which it was given; the second, from 8,000 livres to 20,000; the third, from 2,400 to 8,000; and so on.

The result of the first part, which is said to be very incorrect, is, that 86 persons share among them annually 2,895,623 livres. Of these, ten are ladies; 15 superannuated or discarded Ministers; 26 persons, whose services were never heard of; and 30, for whose zeal and talents 10,000 livres would be a liberal reward. The reasons most commonly assigned for granting these pensions are, to make good a pension no longer paid by some foreign Prince, or to reward political services.

Marshal Broglio enjoys four several pensions, making together 70,000 livres.

The finance of France owes much to the Comte D'Artois; the large buckles of his Highness's invention have contributed amazingly to the support of the state!

PRICE OF STOCKS, Dec. 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank Stock, 182½. | India Stock, — |
| 3 per cent. red. 77⅛ a ⅜. | India Scrip. 1¼. |
| Do. con. 77⅝ a 78. | Ditto Bonds, 102 prem.. |
| Ditto 1726, — | South Sea Stock, — |
| 4 per cent. con. 97⅝ a ¾. | Old Ann. — |
| 5 per cent. 118. | New Ditto, — |
| Bank Long Ann. 22 13-16ths a ⅞. | 3 per cent 1751, — |
| Ditto, 1778, 1779, 13¾ a 5-16ths | New Navy and Victualling Bills, — |
| Short 1777, — | Lottery Tickets, 16 l. |
| Tontine, 97. | Exchequer Bills, — |

WIND AT DEAL, Dec 1. S.

## EDINBURGH.

This day, his Majesty's Proclamation, appointing Parliament to meet for the dispatch of business, on Thursday the 21st of January next, was read at the Cross with the usual formalities.

This day, Lord Frederick Campbell took his seat in the Court of Session as Lord Clerk Register, dressed in his robes of office.

Thursday evening, Sir Thomas Dundas of Kerse, Bart. arrived in town from his seat of Kerse.

The Concert here was opened last night, to a very elegant and brilliant company, among others, the Duke of Montague, Dutchess of Buccleugh, and two daughters, Lady Sydney and Lady Louisa Kerrs, Lady Betty Cuninghame, Lady Clerk, Mrs Macrae, &c. &c. The band was excellent—Stabilini, Schetky, &c. and three singers, Urbani, Signior Monti, and our old acquaintance Mrs Stewart, much improved, and now a very capital singer.

Wednesday morning, betwixt two and three o' clock, a cantore, or small counting-room in the brewery of Mr John Cundell brewer in Leith, was broke into, and cash to the amount of about ten pounds Sterling, stole from the desk. It is suspected this house-breaking and theft was committed by one of the servants belonging to Mr Cundell, who has since absconded.

Sunday se'ennight died at Kinkell, the Rev. Mr John Muckarsie, minister of the Associate Congregation there, in the 74th year of his age, and 43d of his ministry.

On Saturday last, a woman coming to Cumbernauld was attacked by a ram, and, before any person came to her relief, was so much bruised on the breast and head, that, notwithstanding the assistance of a surgeon, she expired in a few hours. This should be a caution against keeping animals that are vicious and furious.

Wednesday one of the masons working on the top of the new building at the back of the Tontine, Glasgow, owing to the breaking of a stone which he was lifting, fell backwards to the bottom of the building. When taken up, both his legs were broke. He died next morning.

Thursday, in consequence of information from England, one Wright was taken up at Glasgow, for forging a bill. While under examination the bill was shown him, which he acknowledged to be his, but instantly tore it in pieces.

Last week died, at Gallton, Marion Gibson, aged 100. About ten years ago she received a set of new teeth, and her eye-sight was so clear, that she could read the smallest print. She walked to Irvine, which is thirteen miles from her place of residence, and returned next day. She span upon the rock without the use of spectacles, and continued very straight.—She was full in body, and died in four days confinement.

A large Manks boat, with two oars, lashed down, was cast on shore the 15th ult. about three miles to the southward of St Bee's Head; she has since been brought into Whitehaven harbour.

Thursday se'ennight, in clearing the ground for the foundation of a house, in the Friarage of Lancaster, several human bones were found about three feet below the surface; and, beneath these, near a thousand silver coins, mostly of Edward First and Second, some of the Henrys, and a few of Alexander's, king of Scotland. They are about the size of a sixpence, thin, and weigh from twopence to threepence each; appear to have been wrapped in flannel, and are in good preservation. The workmen have since found some skulls and other bones, from which, is is conjectured, the place has been a burying ground.

A correspondent observes, that the company attending the debate, in the Pantheon, last Thursday evening, was uncommonly brilliant. The question regarded the affections of the fair sex, which attracted great numbers to hear the discussion. Several excellent speeches were delivered, and many observes, answers, and replies, replete with wit and good sense, were made, which, while they afforded instruction, gave rise, at the same time, to much mirth and harmony. The presence of the Ladies secured chastity of language, and they had the happiness of hearing immoral propensities exposed, their effects delineated, beauty directed to its proper use, and the cause of virtue and merit warmly espoused.

A correspondent observes, if the Magistrates would order the foot pavement, on the end of the North Bridge, next to the Playhouse, to be relaid in a proper manner, it would be of great advantage, as, from its present slanting situation, it is very dangerous to walk upon in frosty or wet weather. The opposite side also needs a little repair on the pavement.

In consequence of the order of the Privy Council, mentioned in our last, the merchants in Bristol have sent large orders to America for wheat, where the crop has been the greatest ever known.

The following bounties are granted in France, on the importation of grain, &c. whether from Europe or America, to commence the 1st of December, 1789, and continue in force till the 1st of July, 1790.

Wheat, by the quintal, 30 sols.—Wheat flour, 40.—Rye, 24.—Rye flour, 32.—Barley, 20.—Barley flour, 27.

DUNKELD, *Nov.* 2. 1789.

The Presbytery of Dunkeld at their meeting yesterday, took under consideration the proposal of renewing the buildings of the University of Edinburgh; and desirous of testifying their regard to so eminent a seat of learning, unanimously resolved to contribute as a body to the building of the New College; and in consequence of this resolution, a subscription-paper was signed by all the members present.

DUBLIN, *Nov.* 28.

Yesterday, in the Court of King's Bench, the arguments of Counsel were heard on behalf of Mr John Magee, to shew cause for a mitigation of the bail for 4000 l. demanded by the Court, on a Fiat issued some time since by Lord Chief Justice Clonmell, on the application of Richard Daly, Esq; Manager of Crow-street Theatre, on which Mr Magee had been twice committed to prison, and held to bail for that sum.

Mr Magee's Counsel, on this occasion, were Mr Browne of the College, Mr M. C. Walker, Mr R. Sheridan, Mr Hecket, and Mr Guinness, who acquitted themselves in a manner highly honourably to the cause of sound law, justice, and the constitution.

In the course of the pleadings, they denied altogether the legality of Fiats; and the Court was so forcibly struck with the strength of their arguments, that they would not decide upon the question till next term.—They agreed, however, to take, instead of bail for the 4000 l. demanded—the small bail of 500 l. offered; and admitted the acceptance even of this small surety, should not be any prejudice to the arguments of Council, nor be considered as a decision that any bail was necessary.

Amongst the other modest and moderate candidates for Fiats against Mr Magee—came recently—"tho' last not least in favour,"—George Joseph Browne, Esq; Barrister at Law, before a learned and revered Baron, claiming one of those *Law Bulls of indulgence* for only 8000 l. ! ! !—The answer in this affair was not very flattering to the claimant. It was, that the learned Baron would not then question the validity of an action on the case; nor hesitate to grant the plaintiff a Fiat for 40 l. or 50 l.—and further, that if a Jury would find a verdict for him in the Court where his Lordship presided, he should not scruple to award him 10 l. damages.

SOCIETY for RELIEF of the INDUSTRIOUS POOR.

A General Meeting of the Society for Relief of the Industrious Poor, is to be held at the Society Hall, Warriston's Close, on Tuesday the 8th of December instant, at seven o'clock in the evening, when all the Contributors to that institution are requested to attend.


DANCING.

MR LAWRIE begs leave to return his most grateful acknowledgments to the Public for the encouragement with which he has been honoured; and takes this opportunity of intimating, That, besides his present school in James's Court, Lawn-market, he has, for the better accommodation of his Scholars in the New Town, opened a large elegant Room, in South Frederick Street, No. 12.

PASTRY SCHOOL.

MRS FRAZER, within the head of the Flesh-market Close, begs leave to acquaint her Friends and the Public, That she continues to teach Cookery, Pastry, and Confectionery; and would recommend to the Ladies and Gentlemen who intend to enter, to do it early, as at this season the greatest variety occurs.

N. B. Jellies, Blamanges, Marmalades, Diet-Loaf, Plumb and Seed Cakes, Buns, Minced Pies, Tarts and Cheese Cakes, of all kinds, done on reasonable terms.


THERMOMETER AND BAROMETER.

| | | | | Ther. | Bar. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *Thursday,* | *Dec.* | 3. 8 | P. M. | 42 | 29.21 |
| *Friday,* | — | 4. 8 | A. M. | 40 | 29.57 |
| | | 8 | P. M. | 42 | 29.61 |
| *Saturday,* | — | 5. 8 | A. M. | 53 | 29.61 |

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, Dec. 4.

| | First. | Second. | Third. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, | 25 s. 0 d. | 24 s. 0 d. | 21 s. 6 d. |
| Barley, | 19 0 | 18 0 | 16 6 |
| Oats, | 16 0 | 15 0 | 13 4 |
| Pease, | 14 0 | 13 0 | 12 0 |

N. B. There was a great Market and quickly sold.

THE ASSIZE OF BREAD,

Set by the Honourable the MAGISTRATES OF EDINBURGH, the 4th day of December 1789, for the City and liberties thereof, to take place on Monday the 7th current, and to continue and stand in force until a new Assize of Bread be appointed.

| | AVOIRDUPOIS. Lib | oz. | dr. |
|---|---|---|---|
| The Halfpenny Wheaten Loaf is to weigh | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Ditto Household is to weigh | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| The Penny Loaf Wheaten is to weigh | 0 | 8 | 3 |
| Ditto Household is to weigh | 0 | 10 | 11 |
| The Two Penny Loaf Wheaten is to weigh | 1 | 0 | 6 |
| Ditto Household is to weigh | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| The Three Penny Loaf Wheaten is to weigh | 1 | 8 | 8 |
| Ditto Household is to weigh | 2 | 0 | 1 |

The Quartern Loaf to weigh 4 lib. 5 oz. 8 dr. and to be sold at { Wheaten 8½ d. / Household 6½ d.

By order of the Magistrates, no Ten-penny Bread to be baked.

The makers and sellers of Bread are, by law, required to have fairly imprinted, or marked on every loaf, made, sold, or exposed as Wheaten Bread, a large Roman W; and on every loaf made, sold, or exposed as Household Bread, a large Roman H.


GREEN TEA, GOTTENBURG TEA, &c.

ROBERT SHEPPARD, South Bridge Street, No. 22. has just got to hand, a choice assortment of teas, viz.

| | |
|---|---|
| Superfine Gun Powder Green, 14s. | Best Gottenburgh Shushong, 6s. |
| Fine Ditto Ditto, 11s. | Fine Ditto Ditto, 5s. 6d. |
| Superfine Hyson Green, 8s. | Good Ditto Ditto, 5s. |

Fine Congo Tea, 4s. 6d. and 4s

Double refined Sugar, 1s. per lib. refined Sugar, 9½ per lib. Cocoa, Coffee, and Chocolates.

A fresh Assortment of Spiceries and Groceries of all kinds.

NEW FRUITS.

Mallaga Wine Grapes, China Oranges, Lemons, French Plumbs, Jordan Almonds, Raisins, Currants, Turkey Figs; with a fresh parcel of Tonkay Beans, so much admired for their fine smell.

Orders pointedly answered.

IRISH STATE-LOTTERY, 1789.

FOURTEENTH DAY'S DRAWING.

The following prizes of 20 l. each,

No. 18,770, 28,745, 33,669.

FIFTEENTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 13,448, a prize of 2000 l.

No. 24,144, 20 l.

SIXTEENTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 880 was drawn a blank, but, as first-drawn ticket, is entitled to 500 l.

And the following prizes of 20 l. each,

No. 14,001, 21,529, 23,169.

SEVENTEENTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 37,377, a prize of 2000 l.

And the following prizes of 20 l. each,

No. 4108, 9854, 14,086, 18,522.

*(Positively the Last Night.)*

ST ANDREW'S CHAPEL, foot of Carrubber's Close.

MOSS'S OLIO,

OR

EVENING BROOM.

This fashionable Entertainment was honoured on Wednesday Evening by a very numerous and splendid Audience, who testified their approbation throughout the whole of the performance with universal and unbounded applause.

*By very Particular Desire,*

THE WHIM OF THE MOMENT,

(Altered from Three to Two Acts,)

Will be repeated for the *last time* this Season,

On WEDNESDAY next, Dec. 9.

IN WHICH

*MRS MOSS*

Will make Her *First Appearance* in this Kingdom,

BROTHER MOSS

Most respectfully solicits the presence of his MASONIC BRETHREN

On this occasion.

ADMITTANCE TWO SHILLINGS.

☞ Mr MOSS takes this public opportunity of offering his grateful acknowledgements to those favourite

SON'S OF APPOLO,

*Messr. Stabilini, Schetky, and Corri,*

For their very *polite* and *friendly* assistance, by their joint performance in the above Entertainment.

*Speedily will be published,*

Elegantly printed in one volume quarto,

ESSAYS

ON THE

NATURE AND PRINCIPLES OF TASTE,

By the Rev.

ARCHIBALD ALISON, LL.B.

F.R.S. EDIN.

Printed for *G. G. J. & J. Robinson*, London,

AND

*BELL AND BRADFUTE, EDINBURGH.*

This Day is Published,

*Neatly bound in red leather, with Pockets*, Price 1s. 6d.

THE UNIVERSAL CASH-BOOK;

AND

NEWCASTLE POCKET DIARY—*FOR M,DCC,XC.*

Among the many useful Articles are the following interesting particulars: Magistrates, &c. and Trinity House Officers of Newcastle—Temporal and Spiritual Courts of Durham—New and Full Moons, Eclipses, Term Table, and Holy Days, for 1790—Royal Family, Lords and Commons—Table of the Sun's Rising—Valuation Table—Table of the Duty upon Houses—An Interest Table—Window Cess Table—Roads in Scotland—Rates of Carriage—Brokers and Wharfingers—Roads from London to Edinburgh—Pitzers, &c.—Light House Dues, &c.—Ballast Dues, Dues of the River—Table of daily Duty on Highways, &c.—Table to find the number of days from one time to another—Regulations of the Flys—A COMPLETE TABLE OF THE STAMPS NOW IN USE IN GREAT BRITAIN—Act for the Preservation of Fish—Outside Passengers on Coaches—Duty on Running Horses—Duty on Saddle, Coach, and other Horses—New Duties upon Horses—New Game Act—Bills of Exchange, &c.—Receipts for Legacies—Act for restraining the the circulation of Small Notes—English and Scotch Fairs—RACING KALENDAR complete for 1789. &c.

*Newcastle:* Printed by HALL AND ELLIOT, and sold by W. COKE, Leith, and all the Booksellers in Town and Country.

TO BE SOLD,

A COUPLE of HORSES fit for the road or field. They are to be seen at Mr Angelo's Stables, and the grooms will inform as to their price.

To be LET Furnished,

A HOUSE in GEORGE STREET, near the Physicians Hall.—It consists of five Rooms, a Kitchen, Closets, a Cellar, &c.

For particulars, apply to Mr Bruce, grocer, No. 14. George Street, who will shew the house.

FRUIT AND WINE.

*Just now arrived,*

A Quantity of LEMONS, CHINA and SEVILLE ORANGES, in chests and half chests, Raisins in casks; Muscatels in boxes, Wine Grapes in jars, best Zant Currants, Citron and Orange Peel, Jordan and Valencia Almonds, Port and Sherry Wine of the very best quality, with a complete assortment of *Grocery Goods* in wholesale and retail.

Orders for the above addressed to ALEXANDER THOMSON, at his Warehouse, High Street, Edinburgh, will be properly attended to.

ENGLISH APPLES & PEARS FOR SALE.

*Just arrived from Kent,*

A CARGO of Exceeding Fine APPLES, consisting of

| | |
|---|---|
| Golden Pippens, | Lemon Pippens; |
| Golden Rennets, | Russetts, |
| Nonpareils, | Baking Apples; |

Together with a few Bushels very good Eating Pears, and some Medars:—to be sold reasonable, at J. LEARMONTH'S Warehouse, Timber Bush, Leith.

NEW FRUITS AND WINES.

JUST now arrived, after a short passage, by the ELIZA, Charles Brown master, from Malaga,

| | |
|---|---|
| Muscatel Raisins | in boxes. |
| Bloom Raisins | |
| Jordan Almonds | |
| Valencia Almonds | |
| Sun Raisins | in casks. |
| Lexia Raisins | |
| Figs | |

Sherry Wine in butts.
Malaga Wine in Hhds.
Shumac in bags.

To be SOLD by CHARLES COWAN and Co. merchants, Leith; who have also on hand for Sale,
Zant Currants.—New Prunes in boxes.
Liquorice Ball in chests.
Claret Wine in Hhds.—Also,
A large quantity in bottles.

DUTCH GIN, CONIAC BRANDY, &c.

JUST arrived, and to be SOLD of genuine quality, and import strength, Dutch Gin, and Coniac Brandy, on reasonable terms, by Anderson and Cundell, Merchants in Leith.—They have likewise for sale,
Jamaica Rum, in Bond.
A few Pipes Red Port, vintage 1786.
Peterburgh Clean Hemp.
——— Twelve-head Flax.
——— Iron, common size.
——— Smoaked Tongues, in dozens.

### AMBASSADORS.

Mr Pitt's new arrangement of our foreign Embaſſies, has occaſioned the utmoſt aſtoniſhment throughout the whole Corps Diplomatique!—Mr Fitzherbert, a Commoner, is appointed Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Court of Spain, at the ſame time that Lord Auckland, a Peer, is named Ambaſſador to their High Mightineſſes the States of Holland—with the ſecond ſon of the Duke of Marlborough, as Secretary, to grace his Embaſſy!

### DUEL.

Saturday, in conſequence of a private diſpute on board the Neptune, Capt. Gilbert, the commander of that ſhip, attended by his ſecond, Mr Nelſon of Plymouth-dock, met, by appointment, Lieut. M'Arthur of the Botany Bay Rangers, with his ſecond, the Surgeon's Mate of the Neptune, at the Old Gun Wharf, near the Lines. The diſtance of ten paces being meaſured, both gentlemen fired their piſtols together. Lieut. M'Arthur's ball paſſed through Capt. Gilbert's coat. They then fired a ſecond piſtol each, without effect; when the ſeconds interpoſed, and the buſineſs was ſettled, by Lieut. M'Arthur's declaring Capt. Gilbert's conduct was in every reſpect that of a gentleman and a man of honour. In the evening, Lieutenant M'Arthur declared the ſame on the quarter-deck of the Neptune, to the ſatisfaction of all parties.

It is ſaid the quarrel originated on a refuſal of Capt. Gilbert to admit Lieut. M'Arthur into his own private meſs; at the ſame time, he offered him every accommodation for himſelf and his family the ſhip would allow. This brought on ſome diſpute, which occaſioned very high words; but we are happy the duel ended without bloodſhed.

PLYMOUTH, *Nov.* 27.

Laſt night late, arrived Admiral Sir J. Laforey, Bart. It is imagined he will hoiſt his flag in a few days.

Arrived alſo, the Neptune Eaſt Indiaman, with the Botany Rangers, and the convicts for Botany Bay.

And this morning the poor wretches who were in the Dunkirk, lying in harbour, were conveyed on board, under a ſtrong guard, to take their farewell of their native country.

Much praiſe is due to Mr Frazer, maſter, and the crew of the Buſy cutter, in the ſervice of the Cuſtoms, for their gallantry in taking the ſmugglers laſt Friday ſe'ennight. The number on board the ſmuggler was twenty-four, and on board the Buſy only ten, and the wind was blowing hard when they took poſſeſſion.

### SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

Nov. 19. Nancys, Allan, from Peterſburgh for Leith, flax.
20. Antelope, Boyter, from Riga for Dundee, from ditto.
James, Millar, from Memel for Anſtruther, timber.
Nancy, Duncan, from Dantzick for Amſterdam, wheat.
Unity, Scotland, from London for Memel, goods.
Succeſs, Millar, from Riga for Leith, flax and ſeed.
Roman Vaſilovitz, Martin, from Peterſburgh for Glaſgow.
Two Brothers, Kay, from Peterſburgh for Dundee or London, flax, &c.
21. Active, Dalrymple, from Stockholm for Hull, tar.
Capt. Martin Peters, from Dantzick to Glaſgow, ſtaves.

ELSINORE, November 21. 1789.

Wind Eaſt South Eaſt. WOOD AND HOWDEN.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

Dec. 3. Jean Coplin, from Longannet, ſtones.
Ann, Roſs, from Glaſgow, goods.
4. Freedom, Falker, from Lynn, barley, &c,
Bell and Ann, Henry, from Lynn, barley.
John and Henry, Harriſon, from Ipſwich, barley.
Friendſhip, Wiſhart, from Boſton, flour.
Diligence, Butler, from Inverkeithing, coals.
Ann, Brown, from Perth, wheat.
Providence, Innes, from Limekills, coals and ſoap.
Jean, Ferrier, from Glaſgow, goods.
Janet, Buchanan, from Inverkeithing, furniture.
Friendſhip, Ranken, from Alemouth, oats and wheat.
Jean and Mary, Kenedy, from Anſtruther, furniture.
Four ſloops with coals.

SAILED,

Janet, Buchanan, for Inverkeithing, goods.
Ant, Macculloch, for Alloa, balaſt.
Friendſhip, Lillie, for Inverkeithing, meal.
Providence, Jones, for Alloa, goods.
Ann and Margaret, Lumſdan, for Oban, goods.
Betſey, Robertſon, for Berwick, goods.
Induſtry, Robertſon, for Lerwick, goods.
Robert, Brown, for Glaſgow, goods.

GEORGE MELLIS returns his moſt grateful acknowledgements to his Friends and the Public, for the numerous favours he has experienced from them during the many years he has carried on buſineſs as a FLESHER. As he means quitting buſineſs the end of the month, he thought it his duty to give this public intimation, to prevent any diſappointments to his friends.

EDINBURGH, *December* 3. 1789.

### MAYBOLE.

THE interim DECREET of LOCALITY of the augmented ſtipend, of the Miniſter of MAYBOLE, being now extracted, is lodged with the Miniſter; and notification is hereby given to the HERITORS, by the Agent in the Proceſs of Locality, that they are now to pay their proportions of the ſtipend, conform to this Decreet, until a final Decreet is obtained.

*Not to be repeated.*

### AN ELIGIBLE SITUATION FOR BUILDING
*On the Links of Leith.*

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Aſſembly Coffee houſe, Leith, upon Monday 21ſt December curt. at one o'clock afternoon,

A Piece of Ground belonging to the Edinburgh Ropery Company, conſiſting of two roods, two falls, and five ells, upon the weſt ſide of the road leading to the rope-works, and having a front of 121 feet to the ſouth, towards the Links.

This is now the only piece of ground remaining to be ſo'd for building upon fronting the Links, and holds of the town of Edinburgh, for payment of the ſmall feu-duty of 2 l. 7 s. 7 d. which renders it a property worthy of the attention of any perſon wiſhing a centrical and pleaſant ſituation.

Further particulars may be learned by applying to David Ogilvy, at the Rope-works, Leith, or to John Sommervell writer in Edinburgh.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,
THE LIVINGSTON,
*James Machie* Maſter,

Now lying at Hawley's Wharf, taking in goods for Edinburgh, Leith, and all places adjacent, and will ſail the 10th December.

The Maſter to be ſpoke with at the Edinburgh Coffee-houſe, Swithing's Alley. Mornings and evenings on board the ſhip.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,
THE STAR,
JAMES RITCHIE Maſter,

Lying at the birth at Hoare's Wharf, taking in goods for Edinburgh, and all places adjacent, deliverable at Leith, and ſails the 16th December 1789.

### TO BE SOLD,

A DWELLING-HOUSE oppoſite to the Scale Stairs in the Old Aſſembly Cloſe, lately poſſeſſed by Widow Brown.

Apply to Walter Fergusſon, writer, Buchanan's Court.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, on Tueſday the 8th December curt. at ſix o'clock in the evening,

THE DWELLING HOUSE, being the two upper ſtories of the Eaſt End of the Back Land of MILL's SQUARE, conſiſting of a kitchen, eight fire rooms, and ſeveral cloſets, with a cellar in the bottom of the tenement.—The Houſe is in complete repair, being newly built. It fronts North Bridge-Street, and is exceedingly well aired and lighted—It is inſured in the Friendly Inſurance, upon the old plan, at L. 2400 Scots, and the premium paid up.

Apply to John Tait, writer to the ſignet, Park Place.

### TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

On Tueſday the 8th of December curt. at eleven o'clock forenoon, within the Warehouſes of Meſſ. Allan, Steuart, and Company, Leith.

SUNDRY Rectifying Materials, ſome Printed Books, Plate and Houſehold Furniture, Caſks, and other effects, being part of the effects of the creditors of Mr James Stein, late diſtiller at Kilbagie, and Mr James Haig, late diſtiller at Canonmills.

Catalogues to be had, eight days preceding the day of ſale by applying to William Grinly, broker in Leith—and the goods may be ſeen the day preceding the day of ſale, by applying as above.

### SALE OF TIMBER.

At Dalmahoy, ſeven miles from Edinburgh, on the Mid-Calder road, will be Sold by public roup, on Friday the 11th December 1789,

A Quantity of Large TIMBER, conſiſting of Oak, Aſh, Elm, Beech, Plane, and Lime: Alſo, a large quantity of WOOD, the thinnings of the plantations about thirty years growth of various kinds, chiefly Oak, Aſh, Elm, and Birch, very fit for country uſe.

N. B. The whole is already cut down, and is in general larger and of ſuperior quality to any of the ſame kind ſold any former year at Dalmahoy. Part of the Wood has been cut down above a-year.

Credit will be given for 9 months (on granting bill with a cautioner known to and approved by the judge of the roup) to thoſe who buy a quantity.

The Roup to begin preciſely at 10 o'Clock in the forenoon.

### NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of WILLIAM ANDERSON, late Merchant in Paiſley, now in Edinburgh.

THAT at a general meeting of the creditors of the ſaid William Anderſon, held at Edinburgh, upon the 25th November laſt, for the purpoſe of chuſing a truſtee, Alexander Montgomerie, manufacturer in Edinburgh, was unanimouſly elected to that office, and his appointment being now confirmed by the Court of Seſſion, he, in terms of the ſtatute, hereby requires all the creditors of the ſaid William Anderſon, to lodge with him their claims, vouchers or grounds of debt, with oaths of verity thereon, as directed by the act, betwixt and the 15th day of July next, being nine kalendar months from the date of the ſequeſtration, certifying thoſe creditors who ſhall refuſe to comply with this requiſition, that they will not be entitled to any ſhare of the firſt diſtribution of the bankrupt's funds.

*December* 5. 1789.

### NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JAMES WILSON and SONS, late Merchants in Kilmarnock.

THE Lords of Council and Seſſion having adviſed a petition preſented in name of James Wilſon, ſenior, James Wilſon, junior, Cumberland Wilſon, and William Wilſon, all late merchants in Kilmarnock, under the firm of *James Wilſon and Sons*, with concurrence of upwards of four-fifths in value and number of their creditors, both as a company and as individuals; and alſo, with concurrence of Gilbert Hamilton, merchant in Glaſgow, truſtee on their joint and ſeparate ſequeſtrated eſtates, praying that they, and each of them may be finally diſcharged of all debts contracted by them, or either of them, prior to the date of the ſequeſtration of their reſpective eſtates; and that in terms of, and under the proviſions preſcribed by the act of Parliament, paſſed in the 23d of his preſent Majeſty—Their Lordſhips were pleaſed, of this date, to appoint ſaid petition to be intimated upon the walls of the inner and Outer Houſe, and alſo in the Caledonian Mercury and Edinburgh Evening Courant, all in terms of the aforeſaid ſtatute, and to allow the creditors to give in anſwers or objections to ſaid petition, if they ſhall be ſo adviſed.

The creditors, therefore, of ſaid James Wilſon and Sons and of the reſpective individuals of ſaid Company before named, are hereby deſired to take notice of this intimation, and to give in anſwers or objections to the aforeſaid petition, if they any have, within the ſpace of three months at fartheſt from the date of this intimation: upon the expiry of which three months, the aforeſaid James Wilſon and Sons, with concurrence foreſaid, are to move the Court to reſume the conſideration of the aforeſaid petition, and to declare them, and each of them finally diſcharged of their debts, in terms of the prayer thereof.

*Edinburgh, Dec.* 4. 1789.

### SALE OF HOUSES IN CANONGATE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 23d day of December 1789, at ſix o'clock in the evening,

THAT Large Tenement of Land lying in the Horſe-Wynd of Canongate, lately built by the deceaſed Francis Brodie, ſituated upon the weſt ſide of the Wynd, conſiſting of four flats, and two rooms adjoining to the tenement. Each flat conſiſts of eight rooms, and has two cellars. The flats are ſo divided as to let in one or two houſes. The yearly rent of the whole for theſe ſeveral years paſt, has been 88 l. Sterling. There is a pump well belonging to it, and an area in front. The whole is ſubſtantially built, the rooms of each flat neatly finiſhed, and all in thorough repair.

The upſet price of the whole is 850 l. and if not ſold jointly the flats will immediately after be expoſed ſeparately, at the ſtump ſums following, viz. the firſt flat at 200 l. the ſecond at 220 l. the third flat at 210 l. the fourth flat at 240 l. with the burden of the roof; and the two adjoining rooms at 15 l. all Sterling.

The title-deeds and articles of roup to be ſeen in the hands of Robert Donaldſon, writer to the ſignet; to whom or to Alexander Nairne, accountant in Edinburgh, perſons intending to offer may apply for further particulars.

### TO BE LET,
And entered to at Martinmas 1790,

THE FOLLOWING FARMS, lying in the Shire of Renfrew, viz.

| No. | | | EXTENT. A. | R. | F. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | *Bogside*, as poſſeſſed by | John Holm, | 158 | 1 | 11 |
| 2. | *Knockmountain*, | John Lang, | 131 | 1 | 2 |
| 3. | *High Langſide*, | Widow Holm, | 76 | 0 | 0 |
| 4. | *Laigh Langſide*, | Hugh Kerr, | 60 | 0 | 0 |
| 5. | *Laigh Caſtlehill*, | Matthew Holm, | 81 | 2 | 10 |
| 6. | *Bardrainnies*, | The Heirs of A. Blair, | 93 | 2 | 14 |
| 7. | *Parklee*, | William King, | 49 | 1 | 17 |

Theſe farms lie along the ſide of the river Clyde, in the immediate neighbourhood of Port-Glaſgow. They are all incloſed and ſubdivided, and conſiſt of good arable and paſture grounds. No. 7 may be let and entered to at Martinmas 1789. Upon that and No. 6. there are good manſion-houſes and gardens in repair, excluſive of the farm-houſes and offices.

Offers may be given in or tranſmitted in writing to Alexander Dalziel at Finlayſton, and ſuch as are not accepted will be concealed and returned.

### ROUP OF HABERDASHERY GOODS.

THE Sock in Trade of William Cowan, conſiſting of a variety of articles in the Haberdaſhery Line, will continue to be ſold off by public roup, at his wareroom, Carruber's cloſe, on Monday firſt, and the following days, to continue till all is ſold off.

The roup to begin exactly at eleven o'clock each day.—Some articles of Furniture remain yet to be diſpoſed off.

### NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of WILLIAM KER and CO. Merchants in Leith; and William Ker and Charles Henry Ker, Partners of the ſaid Company, as Individuals.

THAT at a general Meeting of the Creditors of William Ker and Co. William Ker and Charles Henry Ker, held within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon the 25th of November laſt, for the purpoſe of chuſing a Truſtee, Mr Alexander Nairn, accomptant in Edinburgh, was elected to that office; and his appointment being now confirmed by the Court of Seſſion, he, in terms of the ſtatute, hereby requires all the creditors of the ſaid William Ker and Co. as partners, and William Ker and Charles Henry Ker, as individuals, to lodge with him their claims, vouchers or grounds of debt, with their oaths for proving the ſame, as directed by the ſtatute, betwixt and the 9th day of July next, being nine kallendar months from the date of the interlocutor awarding the ſequeſtration; certifying thoſe creditors who ſhall neglect to comply with this requiſition, that they will not be entitled to any ſhare of the firſt diſtribution of the bankrupt's eſtates.

The Shop and Cellars, lately poſſeſſed by William Ker and Co. are to be Let till Whitſunday next.

Apply to Charles Livingſton, writer in Edinburgh.

### SALE OF SUBJECTS N LEITH.

To be SOLD by public auction, in Mrs Blackhall's Coffeehouſe, Leith, on Friday the 15th January next, at five o'clock in the afternoon,

THE Whole of theſe SUBJECTS oppoſite to the Ferry Boat Stairs, as poſſeſſed at preſent by Mrs Hill, Thomas Angus, Edward Morphy, James Kinnaird, William Wallace, and others.

For further particulars, apply to Alexander Somervail, merchant in Leith.

### TO BE SOLD,

On Tueſday the 22d December curt. at eleven o'clock forenoon, on the premiſſes,

THE METALS, DISTILLERY UTENSILS, and other Effects, the property of the Creditors of Robert Stein, late diſtiller at Kincaple, near St Andrews.

As the whole will be ſold *without reſerve*, perſons intending ſo purchaſe are requeſted to pay attention to this advertiſement——Catalogues to be had of

*Meſſ. Wm. Forlong and Co.* merchants in Glaſgow;
*Mr Wm. Grinly*, broker in Leith;—and
*Mr Bowie*, auctioneer in Edinburgh.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within Gibb's Coffeehouſe, Leith, on Thurſday the 10th of December current, betwixt the hours of ſix and ſeven afternoon,

THAT Large and Commodious PROPERTY, lying on the SHORE of LEITH, contiguous to the Bridge now carrying on acroſs the harbour of Leith, and on one ſide making part of Willie Waters's Cloſe, being in front along the Quay, from 30 to 40 feet, and extending backwards from 90 to 100 feet in length, having a free cart-way up the cloſe. The building, in its preſent form, contains two ſhops, and four dwelling-houſes towards the ſhore, two ſtories of ſtone vaults behind, in good repair, and completely catacombed, and over theſe, two lofts for grain, or dry ware goods. The premiſſes have a right to come forward on the ſhore, in line with Riddley's Land, which forms the other ſide of the cloſe mentioned. To a purchaſer who ſhall chuſe to build, the preſent ſubject muſt turn to conſiderable account. The ground which it occupies being capable of admitting four large ſhops in front, with two or three ſtories above for dwelling-houſes the whole length of the ſubject, which would enjoy free light and air in all directions, and in the view of whatever improvement the excellent ſtone vaults now ſtanding, will appear to be valuable, and may always remain.—For encouragement to purchaſers, a part of the purchaſe-money will be permitted to lie on the ſubject.

The progreſs of writs are in the hands of James Dallas, clerk to the ſignet.

Mr Alexander Aird, maſon, coal-hill, Leith, will ſhow the premiſſes.

### SHOPS IN THE COWGATE,
TO BE SOLD.

THESE THREE SHOPS in the Ground Storey of Kincaid's Land, at the foot of the Fiſhmarket Cloſe, on the ſouth ſide of the Cowgate, preſently poſſeſſed by

| | | | | L. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| William Murray, at the rent of | - | - | - | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| John Jarvis, | - | - | - | 11 | 11 | 0 |
| William Miller, | - | - | - | 13 | 13 | 0 |
| | | | | L. 35 | 14 | 0 |

Are to be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 13th day of January next, betwixt the hours of five and ſix o'clock after noon.

Theſe ſubjects will be ſet up either together or ſeparately, as purchaſers may incline.

The title-deeds and articles of roup may be ſeen in the hands of John Rhind, writer in Edinburgh, who has full power to conclude a private bargain, as to all or either of theſe ſhops, any time preceding the day of ſale.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of Claud Currie, vintner in Glaſgow, upon Wedneſday the 6th day of January next, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE Lands and Eſtate of WESTER SHIRVA, conſiſting of 182 acres or thereby, lying about two miles eaſt from Kirkintilloch, in the pariſh of Weſt Lenzie, and county of Dunbarton. Theſe lands are pleaſantly ſituated on the water of Kelvin, the Great Canal dividing them into two parts; and, except about five acres of moſs, are all excellent land. There is a free ſtone quarry in the lands, and every probability of coal and lime; although none of them have ever yet been wrought. The whole are out of tack, except about forty acres, which were ſet twenty-five years ago, but will give more than triple the preſent rental, when the tacks expire, which will happen thirteen years after Martinmas 1789. The eſtate is holden of Lord Elphinſton, and pays 6 l. 6 s. 8 d. in full of teind and feu, which are the only public burdens affecting the lands.

The articles of roup and progreſs of writs are to be ſeen in the hands of William Corbett writer in Edinburgh; and a copy thereof, and inventory of writs, and a plan of the lands are lodged with James Robb writer in Glaſgow; to either of whom perſons intending to purchaſe may apply.

### SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of David Methven, vintner in Cupar, on Thurſday the 10th December 1989, between the hours of three and four afternoon,

THE LANDS of BRIDGEND, belonging to Alexander Bonthorn, Eſq; lying in the pariſh of Ceres, and county of Fife, within two miles of Cupar, the head-burgh of the ſhire, ſix miles from St Andrew's, and about the like diſtance from the ſouth coaſt of Fife. The lands contain about 40 acres, are pleaſantly ſituated, completely incloſed, and ſubdivided into five parks with dykes and double hedges, which have been kept in good order. The whole are ſurrounded with a belt of planting, and there are ſtripes between each diviſion containing about 30,000 trees, planted about 16 years ago, and all in a moſt thriving condition.

The parks are well watered, and the lands may be highly improved at a moderate expence: as there is plenty of lime and coal in the immediate neighbourhood, and other manure may be had from the village of Ceres. There is no houſe upon the lands, but there are ſeveral excellent ſituations for building.

The lands may be entered to at Whitſunday firſt; and any part of the price the purchaſer chuſes may remain in his hands upon proper ſecurity.

For further particulars, apply to Mr James Carſtairs, town-clerk of Cupar.

*This day is Publiſhed.*

In one vol. quarto, price 12 s. 6 d. in boards,
And ſold by Meſſ. Charles Elliot, Thomas Gordon, and James Simſon, Edinburgh, and Dunlop & Wilſon, Glaſgow,

A SYSTEM OF ENGLISH CONVEYANCING,
ADAPTED TO
*SCOTLAND:*

Or a COMPILATION of approved Precedents of ſuch deeds of Conveyance and other Writings, as being deſigned to receive effect in England, or in countries where the Municipal Laws, and the common law and general cuſtoms of England, are in obſervance, muſt neceſſarily be framed and executed in the Engliſh form.

COMPREHENDING

| | |
|---|---|
| Acknowledgments, | Gifts, |
| Affidavits, | Grants, |
| Agreements, | Leaſe and Releaſe, |
| Appointments, | Letters of Attorney, |
| Bargain and Sale, | Manumiſſion of Slaves, |
| Bonds, | Marriage Settlements, |
| Certificates, | Mortgages, |
| Charter Parties, | Partition, |
| Confirmations, | Receipts, |
| Covenants, | Reconveyance, |
| Defeaſance, | Releaſes, |
| Exchange, | Surrenders, |
| Feoffment, | Uſes,—Wills; |

WITH
OBSERVATIONS

On Engliſh Tenures—on Freehold Eſtates—on Eſtates leſs than Freehold—on Eſtates upon Condition—on Eſtates in Remainder and Reverſion—on Title to things real by Deſcent, by Purchaſe—on the eſſential requiſites, and ſeveral ſpecies of Engliſh Deeds—on Alienation by matter of Record—by Special Cuſtom—by Deviſe—on Title to things Perſonal by Marriage—by Teſtament and Adminiſtration, and on the act 5th Geo II. entitled "An act for the more eaſy recovery of debts in his Majeſty's Plantations and Coloniès in America.

By JAMES M'NAIR, Writer, Glaſgow.

——Si quid noviſti rectius iſtis,
Candidus imperti; ſi non, his utere mecum. *Hor.*

Nov. 24. 1789.

### CONTRACTORS WANTED

FOR the Road between *Perth* and *Dundee*, through the Carſe of Gowrie, which is to be made turnpike.

Application may be made to George Paterſon, Eſq. of Caſtle-Huntley.

### ROSS HOUSE.
*Sale of Houſehold Furniture.*

To be SOLD by public roup, upon Monday the 14th December 1789,

THE Whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in Roſs-Houſe, which belonged to the late General Mackay, conſiſting of all ſorts of Kitchen Furniture, Dining-room, Drawing-room and Bed-room Furniture of all kinds; Bed and Table Linen, Glaſs and Stone Ware, Tea and Table China, Silver Plate, and two Eight-day Clocks; Arms, conſiſting of guns, ſwords, piſtols, &c. all in the beſt order; an Electrifying Machine; ſeveral Fiſhing Rods; likewiſe a conſiderable quantity of high flavoured Wines of different kinds; with ſome French Liquors.

The roup to begin at ten o'clock.—Catalogues, at 6d. each, to be got on Thurſday next from Dalgleiſh and Forreſt, auctioneers. The houſekeeper at Roſs Houſe will ſhow the furniture.

AT GREENOCK—FOR JAMAICA,
THE SHIP ALEXANDER,
RO. SPEARS Maſter,

Is now ready to receive goods on board, and will be clear to ſail firſt week in January, for Morant Bay, and north ſide of the iſland.

If encouraging freight offers ſhe will land goods and paſſengers at Kingſton.

For freight or paſſage, apply to Robert Mackay and Co, Glaſgow; Andrew Turner and Co. or the Maſter at Greenock.

FOR CADIZ AND SAN LUCAR,
And returns to Leith with Wines, &c.
THE BALMAIN,
M'NAUGHTON RAMSAY Maſter,

Now lying in the Harbour of Leith, will be clear to ſail the 25th day of December.

The Balmain is a new veſſel, built on purpoſe for the wine trade, ſails remarkably faſt. Thoſe who are pleaſed to order their wines home by her, may depend upon due attention being paid by the maſter, as formerly, in forwarding their orders without loſs of time. For freight or paſſage outwards, or freight home, pleaſe apply to Andrew Hunter and Co. Leith; or the maſter at his houſe, Tolbooth Wynd; Meſſ. Arthur Gordon and Co. Cadiz; and Meſſ. Bryan, Fallon, and Co. San Lucar, for the maſter.

N. B. Andrew Hunter and Co. have on hand a quantity of Claret, Red Port, and Sherry Wines, in pipes, butts, hogſheads, and bottles, warranted genuine as imported, which will be ſold on reaſonable terms.

### BY ADJOURNENT,

To be SOLD in Two Lots, by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 9th day of December, 1789, betwixt the hours of ſix and ſeven o'clock, afternoon.

THE Lands and Eſtate of FISHWICK, conſiſting of 1194 acres, all arable, and completely incloſed, ſtretching for two miles along the banks of the river Tweed, lying in the pariſh of Hutton, and ſhire of Berwick, and within ſix miles of the town of Berwick.

The firſt lot will conſiſt of the Farm of Fiſhwick Proper, containing 776 acres, preſently poſſeſſed by Mr George Logan of Edrom.—And the ſecond lot will conſiſt of the Farm of Fiſhwick Mains, containing 418 acres, preſently poſſeſſed by Mr John Logan.

If purchaſers ſhall incline, the valuable fiſhings in Tweed called New-water and Hornwell, will be ſold with the lands. New-water fiſhing will be joined with the lands in lot firſt, and Hornwell fiſhing with the lands in lot ſecond.

The title deeds, which are clear, and plans of the two lots, will be ſhown by Andrew Mackenzie, writer to the ſignet, to whom any perſon wanting further particulars, or deſirous to purchaſe by private bargain, may apply.

If a private bargain takes place, notice will be given in a future advertiſement.

*To be SOLD by Private Bargain,*

THE Lands and Eſtate of HEAZELHEAD, lying in the pariſh of Beith, lordſhip and barony of Giffen, and ſheriffdom of Ayr, comprehending in property the Mains of Heazelhead, Over Heazelhead, Overtoun, Cuff-head, and Blaelochhead, all which meaſure near to 500 acres. And the ſuperiority of the following lands, viz. the Lands of Meikle and Little Highgates, and Wauk-Mill thereof; the Lands of Balgray, the two-merk land of the Lands of Drumbuy, with the lands of Moſſend, Raw, and Tappotfauld, (except a ſixteen penny land thereof) and part of the eight-pound land of old extent of Overtoun of Giffen.

The above property-lands are nearly all arable, and incloſed with ſufficient ſtone dykes; and there is plenty of coal and lime in the ground, part of which very near the ſurface. And the tacks of theſe lands will all expire with the crop 1790.

There is a quantity of valuable planting upon the grounds; and the feu-duties of the parts feued are 22 l. 11 s. 2 d. 2-12ths ſterling yearly; and the caſualties of ſuperiority are not taxed.

The whole of the above lands hold blanch of the Earl of Eglinton.

For further particulars, application may be made to Maurice Carmichael, Eſq; the proprietor, at Broomlie, near Dumbarton; or to Patrick Robertſon, writer in Glaſgow; and John Andrew, merchant in Kilmarnock, will ſhow the grounds to any perſon intending to purchaſe.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and ſold at his Printing-Houſe in the OLD FISH-MARKET CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in.
This Paper is regularly publiſhed every *Monday*, *Thurſday*, and *Saturday*.—Price of a ſingle Paper, 3½*d*.—2*l*. 6*s*. yearly, when called for—2*l*. 9*s*. delivered in Town—and 2*l*. 14*s*. ſent by poſt.